

Known Possible Hazards for BIOL 215 Microbiology

This **list** of substances represents the possible hazards currently identified for this course; however, substitutions or additions are possible. Do not assume a substance is safe if it is not listed. You will be notified of changes as soon as they are available. If you are aware of any known allergies or sensitivities to chemicals, please let your professor know prior to the first lab class.

Goggles, lab coats, and gloves are worn during all labs. Sterile technique is utilized during every lab procedure.

Organisms:

Alcaligenes faecalis
Bacillus cereus
Enterobacter aerogenes
Enterococcus faecalis
Escherichia coli
Escherichia coli B.
Klebsiella pneumonia
Micrococcus luteus
Proteus vulgaris
Pseudomonas aeruginosa
Serratia marcescens
Staphylococcus aureus
Staphylococcus epidermidis
Streptococcus sanguinis
Streptococcus pyogenes
Mixed protists in pond water

Skim Milk Agar
Phenol Red Lactose Broth
Phenol Red Maltose Broth
SIM Medium
Kovac's Reagent
Hydrogen Peroxide 3%
T4 Coliphage
Enterotube II (Gram negative ID system)
Sheep Blood Agar
Mannitol Salt Agar
DNase Agar
Hydrochloric Acid
Rapid Strep Test
Meuller-Hinton Agar
Oxidase Swabs
Nutrient Gelatin Media
Motility Media
Baking Soda
pH Indicator

Reagents / Media:

Trypticase Soy Broth
Trypticase Soy Agar
MacConkey Agar
Sodium Chloride
Denatured Ethyl Alcohol
Crystal Violet Stain
Nigrosin Stain
Gram's Iodine
Safranin Stain
Skim Milk Broth
Copper Sulfate 20% Solution
Immersion Oil
Malachite Green Stain
Starch Agar

Antibiotic Testing Discs

Amoxicillin/Clavulanic Acid
Azithromycin
Cephalothin
Ciprofloxacin
Clindamycin
Gentamicin
Penicillin
Polymyxin B
Sulfamethoxazole/Trimethoprim
Tetracycline